» Project partners

Alcon

a Novartis company



Bergbau, Chemie, Energie

» Glossary

Labour productivity	Corresponds to the gross value added produced per person employed
Gross value added	Total value of all goods and services produced that are not used within the production process, less intermediate expenditure. The GVA is the basis for the calculation of gross domestic product.
Working population	According to national accounts, all persons who carry out activities for the purpose of economic gain as an employee or as a self-employed person or as a family worker, regardless of the scope of this activity.
Intermediate expen- diture	Value of goods and services used, processed or converted in the pro- duction process.
Core area	All goods in industrial healthcare according to definition of official health expenditure accounts
Extended area	Additional health-related goods in industrial healthcare
Direct effect	Immediate economic effects from the sector that impact the national economy
Indirect effect	Effects caused by intermediate expenditure by the companies within one sector on other industries in the national economy
Induced effect	Effects created as a result of the re-overspend of directly and indirectly generated income in the economy as a whole

UNOVARTIS

Roche

Takeda

» Imprint

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BIOPRO Baden-Württemberg GmbH

Chief Executive Officer: Prof. Dr. Ralf Kindervater Breitscheidstraße 10, 70174 Stuttgart Phone: +49 (0) 711 - 21 81 85 00, Fax: +49 (0) 711 - 21 81 85 02 E-mail: info@bio-pro.de, www.bio-pro.de

Project management

Dr. Barbara Jonischkeit, Dr. Claudia Luther (BIOPRO)

Authors

Dr. Dennis A. Ostwald, Benno Legler, Marion Cornelia Schwärzler (WifOR*)

Project partners

- » ALCON Pharma GmbH
- » BPI Landesverband Baden-Württemberg
- » Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma GmbH & Co. KG
- » IG BCE Industriegewerkschaft Bergbau, Chemie, Energie
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The economic footprint of the healthcare industry in Baden-Württemberg

andesverband

Baden-Württemberg

* WifOR is an independent economic research institute with offices in Darmstadt and Berlin. The chief areas of research of the institute focus on health economics and the healthcare industry, labour market research and cross-sector value added analysis. The technical universities of Darmstadt and Berlin are WifOR's official cooperation partners.







MINISTERIUM FÜR FINANZEN UND WIRTSCHAFT

Contact:

WifOR, Rheinstraße 22, 64283 Darmstadt, www.wifor.de



Key findings for 2014



The economic footprint of the healthcare industry in **Baden-Württemberg**

Baden-Württemberg is one of the most important locations for the healthcare industry in Germany: companies involved in the pharmaceutical industry, medical technology and biotechnology all have manufacturing plants in Baden-Württemberg and make a huge contribution to the economic development of the State. In addition to the multinational companies, a number of small and medium-sized enterprises also contribute a great deal to growth and employment.

The economic footprint illustrates this significance for the first time on the basis of economic figures. As well as the direct effect of the healthcare industry, the integration of the industry with the economy of Baden-Württemberg as a whole is thereby brought into focus.

» Study design/methodology

This investigation takes as its starting point the commodity-specific delimitation and hence the definition of the healthcare industry on the basis of the

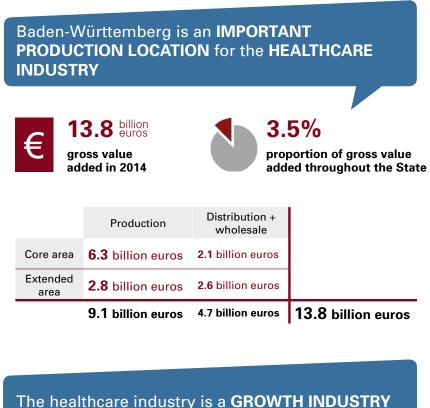


national health-economic accounts of the Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy. It includes the pharmaceutical industry, medical technology and biotechnology and related research and development activities, and also trade and distribution. In addition, the wider field includes health-related sports and fitness equipment, body, oral and dental care products, and the e-health area.

By analogy with the health-economic accounts, there is also, for the first time at State level, a depiction of the healthcare industry in the categories of the national accounts, and a determination of the direct economic effects. The interdependencies of the industry with the general economy of Baden-Württemberg are shown by means of a regional input/output table, and quantified by means of indirect and induced effects. In addition to the direct effects of the industry, the reporting of intermediate expenditure also gives an indication of the economic stimulus generated by the healthcare industry, and hence its wider significance for Baden-Württemberg as a business location.

The role of the healthcare industry in relation to the State's international trade is also presented; and specific analysis by the State Statistical Office and the Federal Employment Agency produces an assessment of the significance of small and medium-sized enterprises within the healthcare industry.

» Gross value added

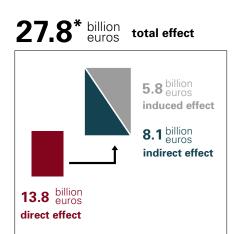


The healthcare industry is a **GROWTH INDUSTRY** for the economy of Baden-Württemberg





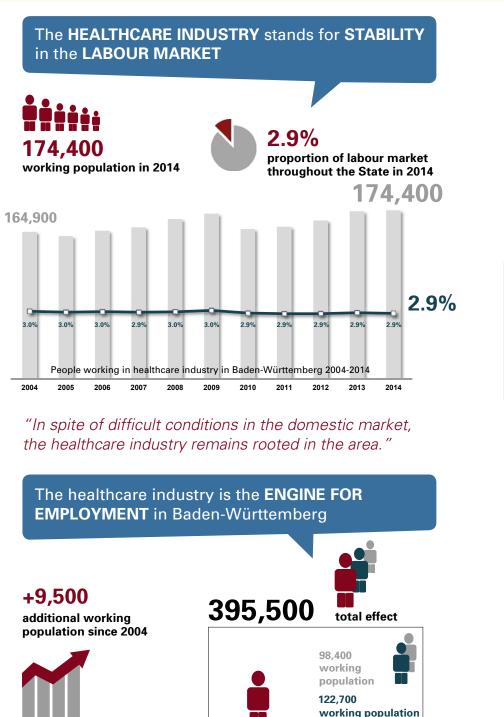
2.2% Ø growth p.a. between 2004 and 2014, adjusted for price



* Difference due to rounding

"One euro of gross value added in the healthcare industry generates another euro of gross value added in other sectors of the economy."

» Working population



174,400

"One job in the healthcare industry requires 1.26

further jobs in the economy as a whole."

working population Direct effect

0.6%

growth p.a. between

2004 and 2014

Induced effect

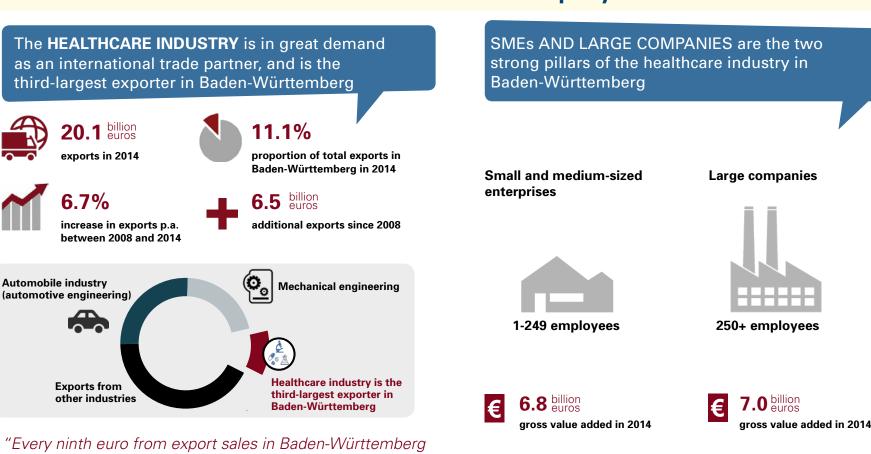
Indirect effect

» International trade





increase in exports p.a. between 2008 and 2014



comes from the healthcare industry."

The HIGH and growing LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY of the healthcare industry results in a growing economy and hence prosperity

1.6% annual increase in labour productivity between 2004 and 2014



"Qualified staff and modern working processes generate the above-average increase in labour productivity."

+21.2%

higher labour productivity than in the entire economy

of Baden-Württemberg

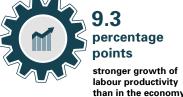


110.800 63,600 working population in 2014 working population in 2014 49.1% 50.9% proportion of gross value added proportion of gross value added 63.6% 36.4% proportion of working population proportion of working population



percentage ooints

stronger growth of labour productivity than in the economy as a whole since 2008



stronger growth of labour productivity

as a whole since 2008